

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS**

**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021**

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
JUNE 30, 2021**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Napa County Flood Control and
Water Conservation District
Napa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the governmental funds of the Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the governmental funds of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Balance Sheet – Divisional Breakdown and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Divisional Breakdown are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Balance Sheet – Divisional Breakdown and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Divisional Breakdown are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Balance Sheet – Divisional Breakdown and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Divisional Breakdown are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 5, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bakersfield, California
November 5, 2021

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Brown Armstrong
Accountancy Corporation

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2021**

This management's discussion and analysis presents our discussion and analysis of the Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District's (the District) financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of June 30, 2021, total assets of the District exceeded liabilities by \$168,340,721; the majority is made up of capital assets and assets held for others pertaining to the Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project and Measure A (1/2 cent voter approved sales tax from 1998 – 2018) funding.
- As of June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$78,339,588. The majority of this amount is restricted for the following:
 - Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project in the amount of \$6,900,020.
 - Flood Project, in accordance with Measure A, in the amount of \$52,026,864. These funds are segregated in a special revenue division to be used for capital expenditures authorized for the Napa River/Creek Project.
 - Flood Project Future Maintenance, in accordance with Measure A, in the amount of \$14,513,051. These funds are segregated in a special revenue division to be used for the Napa River/Creek maintenance.
 - Flood and Watershed Management in the amount of \$3,949,583.
- The District received \$9,332,161 in water supply contracts during the fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements consist of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial position and activity.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's organization. These statements report the District's financial position and activity.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that includes budgetary comparison information for the District.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, including long-term debt. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view and do not include information related to the District's capital assets and long-term liabilities. Additional information is provided on separate schedules that reconcile the differences between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$168,340,721 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position is as follows:

Condensed Statements of Net Position June 30,

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease) \$</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease) %</u>
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 78,483,742	\$ 78,001,990	\$ 481,752	0.6%
Noncurrent assets	<u>90,001,133</u>	<u>90,116,849</u>	<u>(115,716)</u>	<u>-0.1%</u>
Total Assets	<u>168,484,875</u>	<u>168,118,839</u>	<u>366,036</u>	<u>0.2%</u>
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	<u>144,154</u>	<u>149,143</u>	<u>(4,989)</u>	<u>-3.3%</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>144,154</u>	<u>149,143</u>	<u>(4,989)</u>	<u>-3.3%</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	90,001,133	90,116,849	(115,716)	-0.1%
Restricted	77,676,167	77,188,181	487,986	0.6%
Unrestricted	<u>663,421</u>	<u>664,666</u>	<u>(1,245)</u>	<u>-0.2%</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 168,340,721</u>	<u>\$ 167,969,696</u>	<u>\$ 371,025</u>	<u>0.2%</u>

Total assets increased due to an increase in cash and investments held at the County of Napa (County) (see Note 2).

The largest portion of the District's Net Position reflects property acquired due to the Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project being built in connection with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. These assets are divided into two categories: Invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding, and restricted assets that are capital assets that have been acquired and will ultimately be transferred to another entity when the project is completed.

Changes in Net Position

The following table provides a summary of the District's Statements of Activities, recapping the District's revenues earned and expenses incurred during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease) \$	Increase (Decrease) %
Expenses				
Public protection	\$ 11,995,621	\$ 14,258,201	\$ (2,262,580)	-15.9%
Total Expenses	<u>11,995,621</u>	<u>14,258,201</u>	<u>(2,262,580)</u>	<u>-15.9%</u>
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	9,353,861	9,425,762	(71,901)	-0.8%
Capital grants	568,884	3,521,837	(2,952,953)	-83.8%
Special assessment	1,567,662	1,451,129	116,533	8.0%
Interest income	876,239	1,535,994	(659,755)	-43.0%
Other revenue	-	22,408	(22,408)	0.0%
Total Program Revenues	<u>12,366,646</u>	<u>15,957,130</u>	<u>(3,590,484)</u>	<u>-22.5%</u>
Change in Net Position	371,025	1,698,929	(1,327,904)	-78.2%
Net Position, Beginning	<u>167,969,696</u>	<u>166,270,767</u>	<u>1,698,929</u>	<u>1.0%</u>
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ 168,340,721</u>	<u>\$ 167,969,696</u>	<u>\$ 371,025</u>	<u>0.2%</u>

Total expenses decreased \$2,262,580 over the prior year mainly due to less accumulated project costs conveyed to other agencies during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Total revenues decreased \$3,590,484 over the prior year primarily due to Federal and State funding of \$3 million not received in the current year. Despite decreases in both revenues and expenses, the District ended the year with an increase in net position of \$371,025.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District adopts an annual budget that includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments from the public before finalizing the budget. The District's budget has historically been adopted by the District Board of Directors on or before June 30th of each year. Section 7(c) of the Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Act and Sections 29080 through 29092 of the California Government Code require that final budgets are adopted no later than October 2 of each year. Subsequent increases or decreases to the original budget must be approved by the Board of Directors.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT

The District's capital assets include 13 miles of drainage channels which it maintains annually. In addition, in 1999 the District embarked on the largest public works project in Napa County history in conjunction with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project (Project) extends from Highway 29 at the Butler Bridge on the south to Trancas Street on the north, encompassing six miles of the Napa River and one mile of Napa Creek. The Project is designed to provide a 100-year flood protection level for the City of Napa. Flood water levels are reduced through constructing riverbank terracing, removing or replacing bridges that impede flood flows, and the creation of dry bypass channels at the Napa River and Napa Creek. Additionally, floodwalls, levees, and riverside trails are constructed as part of the Project. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers estimated total project costs to \$555.3 million.

The primary funding sources for this project include Federal contributions, State Subvention funding, and proceeds from a locally voter approved ½ cent sales tax measure (Measure A) that was in effect July 1, 1998 through June 30, 2018. The tax measure raised over \$163 million over the 20 years for this project.

Upon completion of the Project, the District is responsible for operation, repair, and maintenance of the entire Project. Additional information regarding the District's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. For questions about this report or any additional information, contact the Napa County Auditor-Controller's Office at 1195 Third Street, Suite B-10, Napa, California 94559.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021**

	2021
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash in County treasury	\$ 77,992,291
Assessments receivable	32,579
Accounts receivable	458,872
Total Current Assets	78,483,742
Noncurrent Assets:	
Assets held for others	1,742,489
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	84,395,503
Depreciable, net	3,863,141
Total Noncurrent Assets	90,001,133
Total Assets	168,484,875
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	134,524
Unearned revenue	9,630
Total Current Liabilities	144,154
Total Liabilities	144,154
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	90,001,133
Restricted	77,676,167
Unrestricted	663,421
Total Net Position	\$ 168,340,721

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

	2021
Expenses	
Public protection	
Insurance	\$ 8,048
Repairs and maintenance	328,026
Legal charges	57,026
Administration and other charges	170,502
Professional services	598,647
Management information services	3,075
Water purchases	9,231,432
Flood project related expenses	1,467,816
Depreciation	131,049
	11,995,621
Total Expenses	11,995,621
Program Revenues	
Charges for services	9,353,861
Capital grants	568,884
Special assessments	1,567,662
	11,490,407
Total Program Revenues	11,490,407
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)	(505,214)
General Revenues	
Interest income	876,239
	876,239
Total General Revenues	876,239
Change in Net Position	371,025
Net Position - Beginning	167,969,696
Net Position - Ending	\$ 168,340,721

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
JUNE 30, 2021**

	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 77,992,291
Assessments receivable	32,579
Accounts receivable	<u>458,872</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 78,483,742</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 134,524
Unearned revenue	<u>9,630</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>144,154</u>
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted for:	
Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project	6,900,020
Flood and watershed management	3,949,583
Oakville-Oak Knoll Community Facilities District	286,649
Measure A - Flood Project	52,026,864
Measure A - Flood Maintenance	14,513,051
Unassigned	<u>663,421</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>78,339,588</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 78,483,742</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021**

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Page 9) \$ 78,339,588

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement
of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. 88,258,644

Assets held for others used in governmental activities are not current financial
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. 1,742,489

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 7) \$ 168,340,721

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 9,353,861
Revenue from use of money and property	876,239
Revenue from other governments	568,884
Special assessments	<u>1,567,662</u>
Total Revenues	<u>12,366,646</u>
Expenditures	
Insurance	8,048
Repairs and maintenance	328,026
Legal charges	57,026
Administration and other charges	170,502
Professional services	598,647
Management information services	3,075
Water purchases	9,231,432
Planning, engineering, and design	1,320,258
Construction and management	143,985
Equipment	<u>18,906</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>11,879,905</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	486,741
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>77,852,847</u>
Fund Balances - End	<u><u>\$ 78,339,588</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE
GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Page 11) \$ 486,741

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The governmental funds report capital outlay and accumulated project costs as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense while the accumulated project costs are held as assets until the time of donation.

Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related capital assets adjustments	\$ 15,333	
Less current year depreciation	<u>(131,049)</u>	<u>(115,716)</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 8) \$ 371,025

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District) was formed by the California legislature in 1951 for the purpose of providing flood control and water conservation for Napa County (the County). The District's mission is the conservation and management of flood and storm waters to protect life and property; the maintenance of the County watershed using the highest level of environmentally sound practices; and to provide coordinated planning for water supply needs for the community.

Operations of the District are divided into six divisions:

Flood and Watershed Management – This division funds the following four projects: Countywide Watershed Management; Stormwater Management; Rutherford Maintenance; and Oakville-Oak Knoll Community Facilities District.

Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project – This division contains the expenditures by the District for the Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project to be built in conjunction with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and paid for with the voter approved Measure A, Napa County Flood Protection and Watershed Improvement Sales Tax. The District is the Local Sponsor of this project and is obligated to acquire all necessary lands, easements, and rights-of-way, and to relocate existing facilities currently inside the project boundaries, including several bridges, utilities, and recreation facilities.

Measure A – Flood Project – This division is a non-operating special revenue division, created at the sunset of the voter approved 1998 Measure A half-cent sales measure to fund county-wide flood projects. During the taxing period, these receipts were maintained by the Napa County Flood Protection and Watershed Improvement Authority (NCFPWIA). With the sunset of the tax June 30, 2018, the NCFPWIA disbursed all remaining funds to each taxing jurisdiction. This non-operating special revenue fund will maintain the balance and earn interest, until such funds are drawn upon to offset authorized expenditures in the Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project Division.

Measure A – Flood Project Maintenance – This division is a non-operating special revenue division, created at the sunset of the voter approved 1998 Measure A half-cent sales measure to fund county-wide flood projects. During the taxing period, these receipts were maintained by the NCFPWIA. With the sunset of the tax June 30, 2018, the NCFPWIA disbursed all remaining funds to each taxing jurisdiction. This non-operating special revenue fund will maintain the balance and earn interest, until such funds are drawn upon to offset authorized expenditures for maintaining the Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project.

Water Supply Contracts – This division meets the responsibilities of the District to ensure that Napa County's municipal, industrial, and agricultural water needs are met. The District is the local contracting agency with the State and Federal government for water from the State Water Project and for water from Lake Berryessa. The District, in turn, subcontracts for the sale of the water to local agencies and property owners.

Oakville-Oak Knoll Community Facilities District – This division funds a variety of public services such as maintenance, monitoring, and restoration of the Napa River between Oakville-Oak Knoll reach. The objectives of the services are to minimize bank erosion, maintain the function of constructed instream habitat enhancement structures, and control target non-native invasive and Pierce's disease host plants.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Effective January 1, 1997, the Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Act was amended to reorganize and expand the governing board of the District from a five-member Board of Directors comprised of the County Board of Supervisors serving ex officio to an eleven-member Board of Directors composed as follows: five directors who are members of the Napa County Board of Supervisors, serving ex officio; five directors who are the mayors of the Cities of Napa, Calistoga, St. Helena, and American Canyon, and the Town of Yountville, serving ex officio; and one director who is a member of the Napa City Council, appointed annually by the Napa City Council.

The District is not a component unit of the County. The District is legally separate and fiscally independent of the County. The District includes all activities (operations of its administrative staff and District officers) considered to be a part of the District. The District reviewed the criteria developed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its issuance of Statement No. 61 relating to the financial reporting entity to determine whether the District is financially accountable for other entities. The District has determined that no other outside entity meets the required criteria, and therefore, no agency has been included as a component unit in the financial statements. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity that would be financially accountable for the District that would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the non-fiduciary financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and information sales. At June 30, 2021, the District had no business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function or identifiable activity are offset by program revenues. Program expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity, and allocated indirect expenses. Interest expense related to long-term debt is reported as a direct expense. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipient of goods, services, or privileges provided by the program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and investment earnings, are presented instead as general revenues. When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are used only after the unrestricted resources are depleted.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. The District had two governmental funds and no enterprise funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Funds are the District's primary operating funds. They account for all financial resources of the general government.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include sales taxes and grants. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Sales taxes, interest, certain State and federal grants, and charges for services revenues are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be measurable and available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

D. Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)/Joint Powers Agreement (JPA)

On November 1, 1998, the District; the County of Napa; the Napa County Flood Protection and Watershed Improvement Authority (Authority); the Cities of American Canyon, Napa, St. Helena, and Calistoga; and the Town of Yountville entered into a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) regarding the distribution of local sales tax revenues generated from a Measure A tax passed by the voters for 20 years. The related ordinance required the revenues to be used only for flood protection, water supply reliability, and wastewater projects identified in the Napa County Flood Protection and Watershed Improvement Expenditure Plan contained in the ordinance.

As of the sunset of the tax on June 30, 2018, the unspent revenues held by the Authority were distributed in accordance with the ordinance to each jurisdiction. The Authority and JPA were subsequently dissolved by resolution on April 9, 2019. The District maintains the remaining revenues in two separate special revenue funds, to be used in accordance with the ordinance. One fund is for projects specified in the above-mentioned expenditure plan the other fund is for on-going maintenance of the Napa River/Napa Creek flood protection project.

E. Agreement with the City of Napa

In July 1999, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Napa under which the District would delegate to the City of Napa the implementation and management of specified tasks related to the Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Control Project (River Project). These tasks involve infrastructures over which, upon completion of the River Project, the City of Napa will retain long-term ownership, including but not limited to design aspects of reconstruction projects for specified bridges, relocation analyses for the City of Napa's ball fields, other public recreational use facilities and parking lots, and storm drain analysis.

F. Receivables

Management believes its receivables are fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

G. Assets Held for Others

Assets held for others consist of costs associated with land acquisition and construction in progress for the River Project that will be donated to other entities (i.e., title and ownership of the assets will be transferred). Since these assets will not be used in the District's operations, the assets held for others are not considered to be capital assets of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Project Cooperation Agreement with the Department of the Army

On February 1, 2000, the District (“Non-Federal Sponsor”) signed a cooperation agreement with the Department of the Army (“Government”) for the construction of the River Project (“Project”). This construction was authorized by the 1965 Flood Control Act, House Document No. 222, 89th Congress, 1st Session, and modified by the 1976 Flood Control Act. Section 103 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1986, Public Law 99-662, as amended, specifies the cost-sharing requirements applicable to the Project.

The Project costs do not include costs for design activities completed prior to 1986; costs for operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, or rehabilitation; costs due to betterments; or any costs of dispute resolution. Upon notification of completion of the entire Project or a functional portion of the Project, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall operate, maintain, repair, replace, and rehabilitate the entire Project or the functional portion of the Project, as provided in the agreement, at no cost to the Government. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall contribute a minimum of 25 percent, but not to exceed 50 percent, of the total Project flood control costs in accordance with certain provisions. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall also contribute 50 percent of total Project costs. The Government shall perform a final accounting to determine the contributions provided by the Non-Federal Sponsor, and to determine whether the Non-Federal Sponsor has met its obligations. Each party to the agreement is responsible for certain parts of the Project. Prior to construction, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall, as determined by the Government, acquire all lands, easements, and rights-of-way, as well as construct improvements required on lands, easements, and rights-of-way. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall also perform, or ensure the performance of, relocations necessary for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project, including those necessary to enable the removal of borrow materials and the proper disposal of dredged or excavated material. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall receive credit toward its share of total project flood control costs for the value of the lands, easements, rights-of-way, and suitable borrow and dredged or excavated material disposal areas, as well as for the value of the relocations it either performed or ensured the performance thereof. Estimate of total Project costs was \$555.3 million. The Non-Federal Sponsor will obtain an appraisal and record the assets for the entire Project in the year of completion. The Non-Federal Sponsor is also responsible for a certain amount of cash contribution, from which the Government shall draw as deemed necessary to cover the non-Federal proportionate share for financial obligations for construction incurred prior to the commencement of the period of construction, and during the period of construction.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, drainage systems, and flood control. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and \$150,000 for building and improvements and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation begins on the first day of the fiscal year following the period the asset is placed in service and ends in the fiscal year that it is retired from service or is fully depreciated.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Equipment	5 years
Buildings and improvements	25 to 30 years
Infrastructures	50 to 100 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation, and are referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces the related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental and proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

K. Insurance and Risk of Loss

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District participates in the County’s risk pool. Claims in excess of \$350,000 for workers’ compensation and \$300,000 for general liability are covered according to the terms of the risk pool agreement with CSAC – Excess Insurance Authority (EIA).

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Cash in County Treasury and imprest cash	<u>\$ 77,992,291</u>
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The District maintains all of its cash and investments with the County Treasurer in an investment pool. On a quarterly basis, the Treasurer allocates interest to participants based upon their average daily balances. Required disclosure information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County’s Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The County’s Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be obtained by contacting the County’s Auditor-Controller’s Office at 1195 Third Street, Suite B-10, Napa, California 94559. The County Treasury Oversight Committee oversees the Treasurer’s investments and policies.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Required disclosures for the District’s deposit and investment risks at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Credit risk	Not rated
Custodial risk	Not applicable
Concentration of credit risk	Not applicable
Interest rate risk	Not available

Investments held in the County’s investment pool are available on demand and are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. The District has no deposit or investment policy that addresses a specific type of risk.

NOTE 3 – ASSETS HELD FOR OTHERS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the change in assets held for others was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements / Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2021
Land held for others	\$ 1,742,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,742,489
Total Assets Held for Others	<u>\$ 1,742,489</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,742,489</u>

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District had no additions or retirements to land held for others.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements / Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 82,059,615	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82,059,615
Intangible assets	2,335,888	-	-	2,335,888
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>84,395,503</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>84,395,503</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Equipment	68,051	15,333	-	83,384
Infrastructure	8,331,188	-	-	8,331,188
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>8,399,239</u>	<u>15,333</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,414,572</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	(50,259)	(6,616)	-	(56,875)
Infrastructure	(4,370,123)	(124,433)	-	(4,494,556)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,420,382)</u>	<u>(131,049)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,551,431)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>3,978,857</u>	<u>(115,716)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,863,141</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 88,374,360</u>	<u>\$ (115,716)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 88,258,644</u>

Depreciation expense was \$131,049 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 5 – NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- *Net Investment in Capital Assets* – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- *Restricted Net Position* – This category presents amounts with external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted Net Position* – All other net position that does not meet the definition of “restricted” or “net investment in capital assets.”

Fund Balance

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of spending constraints:

- *Nonspendable fund balance* – amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. The District did not have a committed fund balance in the current fiscal year.
- *Assigned fund balance* – amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the District Board of Directors delegates the authority. The District did not have an assigned fund balance in the current fiscal year.
- *Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The District Board of Directors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Directors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District paid the County, a related party, \$1,247,049, of which \$1,155,724 was for engineering services and administration fees and \$91,325 was for legal, accounting, and other support services.

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District participates in a federal grant program which is subject to examination by the grantor and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time. The District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 5, 2021, which is the date the basic financial statements were available to be issued, noting no events were required to be disclosed.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 10,690,661	\$ 10,690,661	\$ 9,353,861	\$ (1,336,800)
Revenue from use of money and property	861,000	861,000	876,239	15,239
Revenue from other governments	3,463,561	3,463,561	568,884	(2,894,677)
Special assessments	1,575,894	1,575,894	1,567,662	(8,232)
Other revenue	80,650	80,650	-	(80,650)
Intrafund transfers	3,182,066	3,182,066	-	(3,182,066)
Total Revenues	<u>19,853,832</u>	<u>19,853,832</u>	<u>12,366,646</u>	<u>(7,487,186)</u>
Expenditures				
Insurance	8,048	8,048	8,048	-
Repairs and maintenance	541,600	541,600	328,026	213,574
Legal charges	84,394	84,394	57,026	27,368
Administration and other charges	309,972	309,972	170,502	139,470
Professional services	1,807,849	1,807,849	598,647	1,209,202
Management information services	4,591	4,591	3,075	1,516
Water purchases	11,961,051	11,961,051	9,231,432	2,729,619
Engineer services	2,430,647	2,430,647	1,320,258	1,110,389
Construction and management	238,000	238,000	143,985	94,015
Equipment	85,100	85,100	18,906	66,194
Contributions	800,000	800,000	-	800,000
Intrafund transfers	3,182,854	3,182,854	-	3,182,854
Total Expenditures	<u>21,454,106</u>	<u>21,454,106</u>	<u>11,879,905</u>	<u>9,574,201</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (1,600,274)</u>	<u>\$ (1,600,274)</u>	486,741	<u>\$ 2,087,015</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning			<u>77,852,847</u>	
Fund Balance - End			<u>\$ 78,339,588</u>	

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District) operates under the general laws of the State of California and annually adopts a budget to be effective July 1 of the ensuing fiscal year.

After the budget is approved, the appropriations can be added to, subtracted from, or changed only by Board of Directors (the Board) resolution. All such changes must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available in the final budget or within revised revenue estimates as approved by the Board. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Board approved all necessary supplemental appropriations.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year on the modified accrual basis of accounting, and accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis are materially the same as those used to present financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Additionally, encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amount of the expenditures ultimately to result if the unperformed contracts in process at year-end are completed or purchase commitments satisfied. Such year-end encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year and included in the subsequent year's budget. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the object level except for capital assets which are controlled at the subobject level. Object levels of expenditures are as follows: salaries and benefits, services and supplies, other charges including debt service, capital outlay, contingencies, expenditure transfers, and other financing uses. Subject levels of expenditures for capital assets are land, structures and improvements, and equipment.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
DIVISIONAL BREAKDOWN
JUNE 30, 2021**

	Flood and Watershed Management	Napa River/ Napa Creek Flood Protection Project	Measure A - Flood Project	Measure A - Flood Maintenance	Water Supply Contracts	Oakville- Oak Knoll CFD	Total
ASSETS							
Cash in County treasury	\$ 3,921,534	\$ 6,933,830	\$ 52,026,864	\$ 14,513,051	\$ 310,363	\$ 286,649	\$ 77,992,291
Assessments receivable	32,579	-	-	-	-	-	32,579
Accounts receivable	95,465	-	-	-	363,407	-	458,872
Total Assets	\$ 4,049,578	\$ 6,933,830	\$ 52,026,864	\$ 14,513,051	\$ 673,770	\$ 286,649	\$ 78,483,742
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 90,365	\$ 33,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,349	\$ -	\$ 134,524
Unearned revenue	9,630	-	-	-	-	-	9,630
Total Liabilities	99,995	33,810	-	-	10,349	-	144,154
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
Napa River/Napa Creek Flood Protection Project	-	6,900,020	-	-	-	-	6,900,020
Flood and Watershed Management	3,949,583	-	-	-	-	-	3,949,583
Oakville-Oak Knoll CFD	-	-	-	-	-	286,649	286,649
Measure A - Flood Project	-	-	52,026,864	-	-	-	52,026,864
Measure A - Flood Maintenance	-	-	-	14,513,051	-	-	14,513,051
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	663,421	-	663,421
Total Fund Balances	3,949,583	6,900,020	52,026,864	14,513,051	663,421	286,649	78,339,588
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,049,578	\$ 6,933,830	\$ 52,026,864	\$ 14,513,051	\$ 673,770	\$ 286,649	\$ 78,483,742

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
DIVISIONAL BREAKDOWN
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

	Flood and Watershed Management	Napa River/ Napa Creek Flood Protection Project	Measure A - Flood Project	Measure A - Flood Maintenance	Water Supply Contracts	Oakville- Oak Knoll CFD	Total
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 21,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,332,161	\$ -	\$ 9,353,861
Revenue from use of money and property	40,416	76,516	586,113	166,279	3,981	2,934	876,239
Revenue from other governments	512,634	-	-	-	56,250	-	568,884
Special assessments	1,420,290	-	-	-	-	147,372	1,567,662
Total Revenues	1,995,040	76,516	586,113	166,279	9,392,392	150,306	12,366,646
Expenditures							
Insurance	2,154	5,894	-	-	-	-	8,048
Repairs and maintenance	229,905	98,121	-	-	-	-	328,026
Legal charges	14,119	5,298	-	-	37,609	-	57,026
Administration and other charges	76,357	41,032	-	-	53,063	50	170,502
Professional services	516,348	58,395	-	-	23,904	-	598,647
Management information services	966	2,109	-	-	-	-	3,075
Water purchases	-	-	-	-	9,231,432	-	9,231,432
Planning, engineering, and design	652,788	619,841	-	-	47,629	-	1,320,258
Construction and management	143,985	-	-	-	-	-	143,985
Equipment	18,891	15	-	-	-	-	18,906
Total Expenditures	1,655,513	830,705	-	-	9,393,637	50	11,879,905
Net Change in Fund Balances Before Transfers	339,527	(754,189)	586,113	166,279	(1,245)	150,256	486,741
Transfers between divisions	89,384	831,386	(351,366)	(480,020)	-	(89,384)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	428,911	77,197	234,747	(313,741)	(1,245)	60,872	486,741
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,520,672	6,822,823	51,792,117	14,826,792	664,666	225,777	77,852,847
Fund Balances - End	\$ 3,949,583	\$ 6,900,020	\$ 52,026,864	\$ 14,513,051	\$ 663,421	\$ 286,649	\$ 78,339,588

OTHER REPORT

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Directors
Napa County Flood Control and
Water Conservation District
Napa, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the governmental funds of the Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

*Brown Armstrong
Accountancy Corporation*

Bakersfield, California
November 5, 2021

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
JUNE 30, 2021**

None noted.

**NAPA COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OF PRIOR YEAR
JUNE 30, 2021**

None noted.